

#### **NASA SBIR/STTR Technologies**

## NASA SDIN/ST IN TECHNOLOGICS A NOVEL MICROFLUIDIC DEVICE (MED-RNA) FOR FULLY AUTOMATED NASA

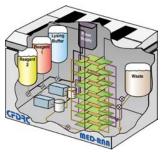
EXTRACTION OF RNA FROM CELLS

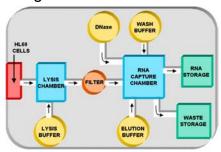
PI: Shankar Sundaram/ CFD Research Corporation, Huntsville, AL CFDRC Confidential & Proprietary



#### **Objective:**

Develop a Microfluidics-based, Extraction Device (MED-RNA) for RNA isolation from cells. Starting from whole cells in a culture medium, the plastic card will lyse, filter, capture, elute and store RNA for later analysis. Loss & Contamination are reduced due to minimal handling.





- Parallel architecture with ~10 credit card size, disposable, plastic lab-cards
- Microfluidic design eliminates expensive automation, liquid handling components
- · Main components of each card include
  - » E-field lysis chamber (minimal toxic reagents)
  - » RNA capture chamber (non-magnetic beads)
  - » RNA & Waste storage chambers (sealed)

#### **Partners:**

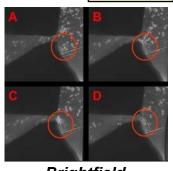
Micronics Corp. WA

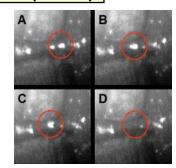


Throughput (cells)	1000-5000
<b>Extraction Time</b>	<15 min
Reagent Volume	~1 ml (up to 5)
RNA Yield	0.5-2.5 μg
<b>Device Footprint</b>	12"×12"×6"
Weight	<10 lbs

#### **Phase I Results:**

### E-field Lysis (HL-60)

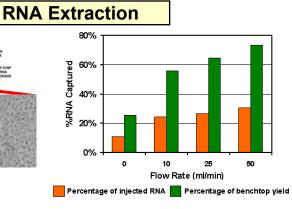




**Brightfield** 

**Fluorescence** 

# **Brightfield**



#### **Summary:**

- Phase I: Conceptually designed and demonstrated
  - » Electric Field Driven Lysis of HL60 cells
  - » Microfluidic RNA Capture on Beads (non-magnetic)
- Proposed Phase II Workscope
  - » Component Design & Integration on Microfluidic Card
  - » Instrument Design & Testing